Whitley Park KS1 Art and Design Curriculum

Intent

At Whitley Park, we strive to deliver an ambitious art and design curriculum, ensuring coverage of the aims and targets of the National Curriculum, whilst securing access and achievement for all of our students. Our curriculum enables students to express creatively their original ideas and personal experiences. Students produce their own works of art, craft and design, and have continual opportunities for progression without fear of mistakes. Self-expression is widely recognised as playing a vital role in maintaining good mental health, and therefore the Whitley Park curriculum promotes art as a valuable creative outlet. Students are engaged, inspired and challenged through varied and rich experiences that develop skills, knowledge and, in turn, cultural capital for every child. We encourage students to take creative risks through experimentation and innovation of learnt techniques and skills. The balance between breadth and depth is key to our curriculum; it is important that our students be introduced to a wide range of skills with different media, but also that these are revisited and skills developed progressively, both in isolation and in context of thematic topics and artists. Likewise, study of artists, craft makers and designers is balanced between the historical greats and contemporary and diverse artists, in order to promote aspiration and self-belief for all of our students, regardless of gender, socio-economic, cultural or ethnic background. Students explore the impact of art and design on culture and creativity, and how this has shaped our nation's history and its place within the world. They have regular and progressive opportunities to engage critically with works of art and to evaluate their own work, developing use of technical vocabulary to communicate their thoughts accurately and specifically.

KS1 Core Knowledge

• Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

KS1 Core Skills

- Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.
- Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.
- Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.



(NSEAD, 2014)

TECHNICAL SKILLS	Initiating – Year 1	Building – Year 2	Deepening - Year 1 & 2
Drawing Suggested materials: pencil, charcoal, inks, chalk, pastels Focus elements: line, shape, colour	 Draw with range of materials: pencils, chalk, wax crayons. Begin to control lines to create simple drawings. Shade with accuracy, staying 'in the lines'. 	 Extend the variety of drawing tools – pastels, charcoal Sketch to make quick records Add detail to line drawings with a range of mark making Control lines to create simple drawings from observation 	 Experiment with the effects of different tools on a range of surfaces. Consider line and shape in making accurate drawings of anatomy – face, arms, legs, hands, feet, torso
	Draw, shade, pencil, chalk, wax crayon Line, thick, think, straight, curved, wavy, zig-zag	Pastels, charcoal	Vocabulary: Accurate vocabulary for simple body parts as learned in science. Mark, thick, thin, soft/hard (pressure on surface), fine, broad,
Painting Suggested materials: paint, brushes, fingers, cotton wool/buds, natural materials, spray bottles Focus elements: colour, texture	 Recognise and name all primary and secondary colours Hold large paint brush correctly 	 Find collections of colour – warm, cold, bright, pastel With support, begin to consider how colours can reflect different feelings. Use black and white to alter tints and shades. 	 Apply paint with a range of tools to create different textures. Mix primary colours to make secondary colours.
	Suggested Vocabulary: Colour names: red, blue, yellow, orange, green, purple, brown, black, white Brush, paint	Suggested Vocabulary: Shade (i.e. shade of blue, green etc.), tint, dark(er), light(er) Colour collections: warm, cold, bright, pale, pastel etc. Colour wheel.	Suggested Vocabulary: Brushstroke, sweep, dab, dot, smooth, thick, thin Primary colour, secondary colour, mix, add

 <u>3D</u> (sculpture, textiles, collage) <u>Suggested materials</u>: clay forms, dough, boxes, wire, paper sculpture, mod roc, junk, natural materials (feathers, sticks, leaves) Focus elements: form, shape, texture, colour Y1 – malleable sculpture Y2 – collage 	 Sculpture Use different shapes to represent known objects and ideas. Use simple techniques with malleable materials, e.g. rolling, cutting, pinching. Use tools to carve simple detail or designs. Use objects to impress detail. Suggested Vocabulary: Model, shape, roll, coil, slab, pinch, bend, cut, tool, carve, detail, impress, design 	 Collage Replicate patterns in a 3D form. Add texture by cutting, tearing, layering and combining materials. Use scissors with increasing accuracy to cut desired shapes. Sculpture Use natural and man-made materials. Experiment with manipulating materials, e.g. twisting, scrunching, folding. (Overlap with Science curriculum – Materials) Apply skills learnt in DT (Y1 & Y2, Making) to produce an original additive (construction) sculpture: Select tools and materials. Join, assemble and combine materials. Mark, cut and shape materials with some accuracy. Suggested Vocabulary: Mixed media, 3D, collage, combine, layer, tear, cut, overlap, pattern, texture, material, fabric, scraps, shiny, dull/matte, soft, rough, fix Natural, man-made, twist, scrunch, fold, construction, sculpture 	 Use materials to make known objects for a purpose. Select and gather desired tools and materials based on their qualities. (E.g. shape – sticks, leaves, texture – shiny, fluffy, pointy tool to carve detail.)
	 Collect objects to explore, considering different textures. Explore texture of natural and man- made objects through rubbings and prints. Create simple patterns, using colour and texture. Suggested Vocabulary: Rubbing, natural, man-made, pattern, repeat, texture, smooth, rough, bumpy, surface, press hard/lightly, print		

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Suggested media: photography, ICT tools	 Use ICT as a tool to create simple images, experimenting with colour, line and shape. 	
Focus elements: line, colour, shape, space		
	Suggested Vocabulary:	
	2D Shape names, line vocabulary, colour	
	names.	
	Select, line, shape, delete, erase, move,	
	drag, enlarge, shrink, copy, paste, clone,	
	fill	

CREATIVE EXPRESSION & KNOWLEDGE			
CREATIVE EXPRESSION & NOWLEDGE	Initiating – Year 1	Building - Year 2	Deepening - Year 1 & 2
Design & Production - Experiment - Imagination - Express - Explore - Observe - Represent	- In creative work, express own ideas linked to experiences.	 Use imagination to create increasingly original artwork. Begin to build resilience in trying to improve skills and techniques, trying again if mistakes are made. 	 Express personal experiences and ideas. Begin to use close observation skills to represent real objects and scenes.
Evaluation Elements: line, shape, form, texture, colour, space, pattern	 State something specific they like about a piece of art – theirs, an artist's, a peer's. 	 State something they like and something they would like to improve in their own work. 	 With support, use critical art vocabulary to explain reasons for opinion – e.g. bright colours, neat lines, interesting texture. (Use suggested vocabulary as a guide.) Describe differences and similarities between theirs and others' work.
Knowledge	Skills:	Suggested artist links Skills:	 Explore the work of a range of artists, craft
Ensure a balance of breadth and depth by focussing on 2/3 artists per year, to include some comparisons between artists, practices and disciplines.	 <u>Line drawing</u>: Quentin Blake (see AccessArt unit) (also links to reading Y1 author coverage & Mrs. Armitage unit) 	 <u>Collections of colour:</u> Kandinsky, concentric circles, could also link to music mood. <u>Anatomy:</u> Portrait artists, e.g. Frida Kahlo, 	 makers and designers and their place in culture and history. Describe the differences and similarities
Artists with links to topics have been suggested only if they also allow for teaching of year groups skills. Equally, teachers may feel that some skill areas would be better taught in isolation, without an artist focus.	 <u>Naming/mixing colours</u>: David Hockney (links to Woods topic and science - seasonal change) <u>Applying paint in range of ways</u>: Sam Gilliam <u>Rubbings (frottage)</u>:Max Ernst, Histoire 	 Picasso, Joy Labinjo – could compare artists to Tudor portraits. <u>Additive sculpture</u>: Jill Townsley <u>Collage</u> Kurt Schwitters (used litter), Fred Tomaselli (uses colourful range of natural and man-made materials) Anne Wilson 	 between different practices (the artist's process/ way they go about their work) and disciplines (ways of working, e.g. sculpture, painting). Make links between artists' and their own
All artists listed here are suggestions only; teachers may choose to focus on different artists that allow for teaching and development of year group skills. Please check other year group coverage or consult art lead to avoid repetition and ensure progression.	Naturelle collection - <u>Printing:</u> Sandra Dieckmann, (illustrator working with pattern, link to Leaf	(Masha and the Firebird) Topics: - <u>Towers, Tunnels & Turrets:</u>	work.

Check the Artists Coverage Audit document to ensure a balanced coverage of artists from different societal groups.	shapes) - <u>Maleable sculpture</u> : Anthony Gormley,	 <u>A Life in the Sky:</u> Anne Wilson (Masha and the Firebird) 	
	 Topics: <u>The Woods:</u> Andy Goldsworthy (natural materials) <u>No Place Like Home:</u> Sandra Dieckmann (illustrator, see printing above, link to Leaf Literacy unit) <u>Beside the Seaside:</u> 	representations of fire in sculpture or collage.	